

**MAT 501 Thermodynamics**  
**Fall 2024**

**Moderator:**                      *Name:*                      Ali Rana Atilgan  
   *Office No.:*                      MDBF 2093  
   *Phone No.:*                      +90 (216) 483 **9525**  
   *e-mail:*                              [atilgan@sabanciuniv.edu](mailto:atilgan@sabanciuniv.edu)  
   *URL:*                                <http://people.sabanciuniv.edu/atilgan>

**Associates:**                      Cihan Arlı                      [cihan.arli@sabanciuniv.edu](mailto:cihan.arli@sabanciuniv.edu)  
**Course Data:**                      Meeting Hours(Places): Mon 12.40-14.30(G032)/Tue 08.40-09.30(G035)  
   Office hours:                      TBA

**Textbooks:**

**Callen, H.B.**, *Thermodynamics and an Introduction to Thermostatistics*, Wiley, 2nd Ed., 1985. QC311 .C35 1985.

**Fermi, E.**, *Thermodynamics*, Dover, 1956. QC311 .F47 2010.

**References:**

**Atkins, P.** and **J. de Paula**, *Physical Chemistry*, Eight Ed. W.H. Freeman and Company, 2006. QD453.2 .A85 2002.

**Reif, F.**, *Fundamentals of statistical and thermal physics*. McGraw-Hill, 1965. QC175 .R44 1965.

**Weeks Commencing/Topics:**

**Sep 23, 30**                      Part I  
Thermodynamic systems  
Piston-gas as a system  
   Idealizations and assumptions about the piston, the gas, and the environment  
Gases  
   Ideal/perfect – what are the assumptions?  
   Laws – observations/experiments  
   Maxwell's "kinetic" theory  
Work done

**Oct 7, 14**                      Part II  
Internal energy  
   Isolated systems  
Heat  
   Interactions with the environment – Isothermal, adiabatic, and all else  
The first law  
   Gases  
   Expansions – what variables are fixed? Reversibility for each step or whole process?  
The maximum work theorem

**Oct 21, Oct 28**                      Part III  
The second law  
Cycles  
   Carnot – why Carnot? Are there other cycles? A general form of cycles  
   Inverted heat engines: Refrigerators and pumps  
Entropy  
The fundamental equation – and its consequences  
(Oct 29, Republic Day)

**Nov 4-5** Recapitulation and [Exam I](#)

**Nov 11, 18** Part IV

Thermodynamic potentials  
Helmholtz and Gibbs free energy  
Legendre transformations  
The Maxwell relations  
Thermodynamic description of mixtures

**Nov 25, Dec 2** Part V

Stability of Thermodynamic Systems  
Explain, why  
Addition of heat to a stable system must increase its temperature  
Isothermal expansion of a stable system must decrease its pressure  
Le Châtelier's principle and Braun's amendment  
Phase diagrams  
Stabilities of phases  
Phase boundaries and typical phase diagrams

**Dec 9, 16** Part VI

Phase transitions  
First-order phase transitions in single component systems  
The discontinuity (of the volume – the lever rule; in the entropy – latent heat)  
Phase loci – The Clapeyron equation  
First order transitions in multicomponent simple systems – Gibbs' phase rule

**Dec 23-24** Recapitulation and [Exam II](#)

**Dec 30**

Phase diagrams for binary systems  
Entropy revisited  
The Nernst postulate and the Third Law  
Recapitulation and the [Final prep](#)

**Class Policies**

Course will be in [physical mode](#)

[Problem sets](#) are prepared for students to test their fundamental understanding. Students do [not have to turned their solutions in](#); namely, they are [not to be graded](#). Most of the time, a week (or so) after the assignment, [the solution set will be posted](#) on SU-Course.

**Grading**

[Exam I and II](#): 30% each, total is for 60% of the final grade  
[Final exam](#): 40% of the final grade; covers all the material